## Formulation Calculations for Treatment Liquids A and B

# US 8,945,631 B2 - LIQUID FOR TREATMENT OF CITRUS GREENING DISEASE AND TREATMENT METHOD USING SAME 

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## 1. Treatment Liquid A

"Treatment Liquid A was prepared by diluting a Treatment Liquid A Stock Solution, which contains 14 g of citric acid per 100 mL of water and 40 parts by mass of Fe per 100 mL of water when taking the content of citric acid as 100 parts by mass, with desalted distilled water such that the concentration of total Fe ions is $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L} . " 15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ Fe equals 0.27 mM .

- The concentration of Fe in the stock solution is $0.056 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $56 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $56 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ $=1000 \mathrm{mM}$.
- The concentration of citric acid in the stock solution is $140 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}=140 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}=$ $0.73 \mathrm{M}=730 \mathrm{mM}$.
- 0.27 ml of the stock solution added to 1 liter yields $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ of $\mathrm{Fe}(0.27 \mathrm{mM})$ and $37.8 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ citric acid ( 0.197 mM ).
- The molecule to molecule ratio (molar ratio) of Fe to citric acid is 1.37 Fe per citric acid OR 0.73 citric acid per Fe.
- Total mM of Fe + citric acid is 0.467 mM .


## Treatment Liquid A Stock Solution

## Treatment Liquid A Stock Solution contains $\mathbf{1 4} \mathbf{g}$ citric acid and $\mathbf{2 8} \mathbf{g}$ FeSO4.7H2O.

Citric acid $14 \mathrm{~g} / 100 \mathrm{ml}$ is defined as 100 parts by mass - i.e., $14 \mathrm{~g}=100$ parts, or 0.14 $\mathrm{g} /$ part. The concentration of citric acid is $140 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ or 0.73 M or 730 mM .

Fe (40 parts by mass). Therefore, 40 parts Fe x $0.14 \mathrm{~g} /$ part equals 5.6 grams Fe per 100 ml . The concentration of Fe is $0.056 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $56 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $56 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}(1 \mathrm{M}$ or 1000 mM ).

FeSO4.7H2O (MW 278.01)

The proportion of Fe in FeSO 4.7 H 2 O is 0.20 (55.845/278.01). Therefore, 28 grams of FeSO4.7H2O are required to yield 5.6 grams of Fe. $5.6 \mathrm{~g} / 100 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{Fe}=56 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}=1 \mathrm{M}=$ 1000 mM.

Table 1. Treatment Liquid A Stock Solution

|  | $\mathrm{g} / 100 \mathrm{mls}$ | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L}$ | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{gal}$ | oz./gal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FeSO4.7H2O | 28 | 280 | 1,060 | 37 |
| Citric acid | 14 | 140 | 530 | 19 |

## Table 2. Treatment Liquid A

|  | Liquid A Stock Solution |  |  | Liquid A Stock Solution |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{L}$ | $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{gal}$ | $\mathrm{ml} / 100 \mathrm{gal}$ | oz./gal | oz./100 gal |
| Treatment Liquid A | 0.27 | 1.0233 | 102.33 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 3 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 4 6}$ |

## 2. Treatment Liquid $B$

"Treatment Liquid B was prepared by diluting a Treatment Liquid B stock Solution, which contains 14 g of citric acid per 100 mL of water and 13 parts by mass of 100 mL of water when taking the content of citric acid as 100 parts by mass, with desalted distilled water such that the concentration of total Fe ions is $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$." $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ Fe equals 0.27 mM .

- The concentration of Fe in the Liquid B Stock Solution is $0.0182 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ or 18.2 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $18.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}=326 \mathrm{mM}$.
- The concentration of citric acid in the stock solution is $140 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}=0.73 \mathrm{M}=730$ mM .
- 0.82 ml of the stock solution added to 1 liter to yields $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ of $\mathrm{Fe}(0.27 \mathrm{mM})$ and $114.8 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ citric acid ( 0.6 mM ).
- The molecule to molecule ratio (molar ratio) of Fe to citric acid is 0.45 Fe per citric acid OR 2.22 citric acid per Fe.
- Total mM of $\mathrm{Fe}+$ citric acid is 0.87 mM .

Treatment Liquid B Stock Solution

Treatment Liquid B Stock Solution contains 14 g citric acid and 9.1 g FeSO4.7H2O.

Citric acid ( $14 \mathrm{~g} / 100 \mathrm{ml}$ ). This is defined as 100 parts by mass - i.e., $14 \mathrm{~g}=100$ parts, or $0.14 \mathrm{~g} /$ part. The concentration of citric acid is $140 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ or 0.73 M or 730 mM .

Fe (13 parts by mass). Therefore, 13 parts Fe $\times 0.14 \mathrm{~g} /$ part equals 1.82 grams Fe per 100 ml . The concentration of Fe is $0.0182 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $18.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ or $18.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}(0.326 \mathrm{M}$ or 326 mM).

FeSO4.7H2O (278.01)

The proportion of Fe in FeSO 4.7 H 2 O is 0.20 (55.845/278.01). Therefore, 9.1 grams of FeSO4.7H2O are required to yield 1.82 grams of Fe.

Table 3. Treatment Liquid B Stock Solution

|  | $\mathrm{g} / 100 \mathrm{mls}$ | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L}$ | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{gal}$ | oz./gal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FeSO4.7H2O | 9.1 | 91 | 345 | 12.17 |
| Citric acid | 14 | 140 | 530 | 19 |

Table 4. Treatment Liquid B

|  | Liquid B Stock Solution |  |  | Liquid B Stock Solution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{L}$ | $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{gal}$ | $\mathrm{ml} / 100 \mathrm{gal}$ | oz./gal | oz./100 gal |
| Treatment Liquid B | 0.82 | 3.11 | 311 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |

Conversions used
$1 \mathrm{oz} .=28.35$ grams
$1 \mathrm{oz} .=29.57 \mathrm{ml}$
1 gal $=3.79$ liters

